

SNAP Computing R&D

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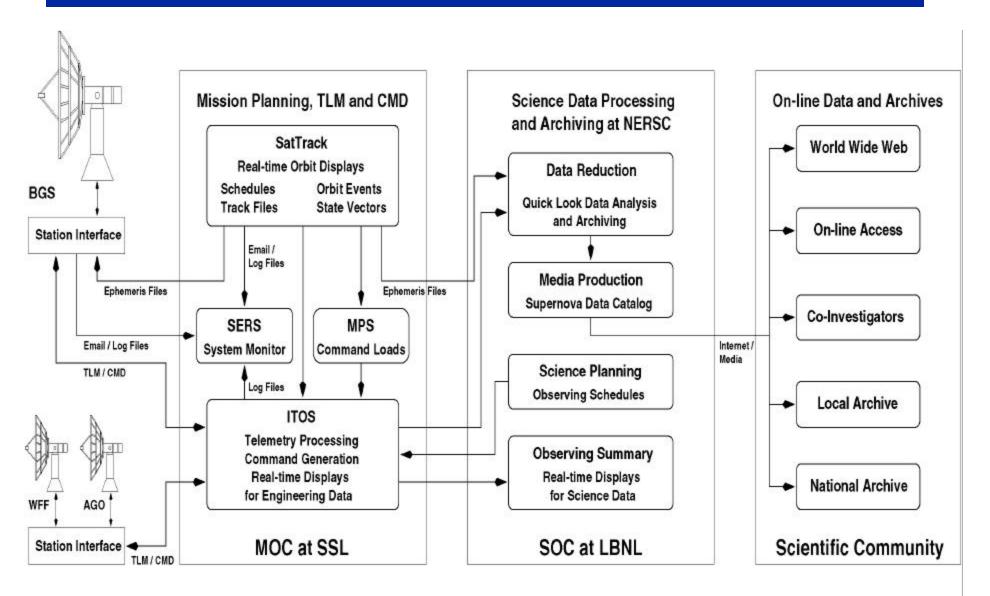
Scope



- Computing for Science Operations covers all computing and software from data acquisition electronics to data analysis and presentation
- Interfaces to instrument electronics and to Mission Operations and Satellite Control

SNAP Data System





SNAP Ground Data System

Data Flow Layout

File: snap_gds.fig M.Bester, 19Nov99

Computing Scale



- 1 GigaByte per exposure (every few hundred seconds)
- Data rate up to 50 Mbps
- Three years of running will give 50 M images and 600 TeraBytes of data
- Computing load to fit light curves for 2000 SNe is about 10 days (PIII 600)
- Fitting cosmological parameters will demand supercomputer power; 5 parameters takes 16 days at 3 TFLOPS

HENP Computing ChallengesSNAPL



Experiment	Data	Compute
E895 (AGS)	10 TB/yr	600 SPECint95
BaBar (SLAC)	400 TB/yr	5,000 SPECint95
STAR (RHIC)	266 TB/yr	10,100 SPECint95
PHENIX (RHIC)	700 TB/yr	8,500 SPECint95
D0 Run II (FNAL)	280 TB/yr	4,075 SPECint95
CDF Run II (FNAL)	464 TB/yr	3,650 SPECint95
ATLAS (LHC)	1100 TB/yr	2,000,000 SPECint95

Existing Infrastructure



- R&D plan builds on an existing close collaboration with the National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center (NERSC) at Berkeley Lab
 - —Cray and IBM Supercomputers
 - —HPSS Mass Storage
 - —Cluster Computing
 - —Data Management Expertise
 - —Networking and Grid Infrastructure

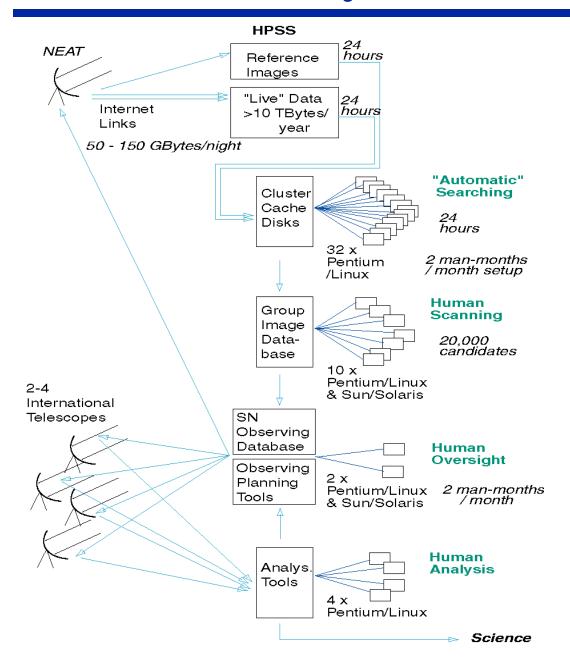
Existing Expertise



- Berkeley Lab pioneered the use of Type 1a supernovae for cosmology
- SCP has developed methodology and tools (image analysis etc.) to support these studies
- Supernova Factory is pushing these tools to much higher volume (up to 1000 SN per year) providing a testbed for SNAP technologies

SN Factory Data Flow





- Software based on SCP program
- Now in use for high volume search/followup
- •Tested at full data rates for 1 month
- •Discovered 40 SNe

R & D Issues



- The SCP and Supernova Factory have clearly demonstrated the feasibility of the approach and have provided a solid base of tested software for SNAP
- The challenge is to refine this software into full production systems for the SNAP mission
- We will integrate commercial tools where possible to automate data flow and reduce human intervention

Workplan



- Document High-Level Requirements
- Complete Conceptual Design / Architecture
- Evaluate Critical Technologies
- Monitor other relevant technologies
- Develop Cost and Schedule

High-Level Requirements



- Existing software provides a foundation for defining all SNAP requirements
- We need to identify any new requirements that cannot be met with computing and software available today or likely to be available when needed
- We will document requirements to establish baseline for SNAP conceptual design and architecture

Major Components



- Data Acquisition/Control
- Calibration and Monitoring
- Workflow Management
- Data Management/Access and Storage
- Scheduling and Optimization
- Resource Reservation and Allocation
- Network Management
- Collaboration Tools
- Analysis Algorithms
- Data Presentation and Visualization

Conclusion



- Computing and Software will be critical for the success of the SNAP mission
- The preliminary R&D will provide the foundation for implementation of reliable systems that meet our needs at a reasonable cost